Year 5: Ancient Greece - What do artefacts tell us about life in Ancient Greece?

HISTORICAL CONTEXT

STONE AGE

IRON AGE

ROMANS

VIKINGS

TUDORS

STUARTS

VICTORIANS

WWII

NEW ELIZABETHAN AGE

OUR HISTORY





800 BC -





1200 BC A.GREECE 146 BC



793



1485-1603



London: 1666

Great Fire of



1837-1901 1853-1856 Crimean War 1820-1910 Florence Nightingale



1939-1945



Princess Elizabeth becomes Queen Elizabeth II

their own.

existed many years ago.

constructing buildings.

group of people.



School Opened 1954

Abandoned - something or someone left on

Ancient - something which is very old and

Architecture - the art of planning, design and

Civilisation - a society that is advanced, lives

in cities and has government and language.

City state - an area of a country made up of a

city and smaller areas controlled by that city.

KEY VOCABULARY



Our childhood history 2015 onwards

AD 43 AD410

ANCIENT EGYPT 332 BC

1800 BC MAYAN

AD 1500 753 BC ROMANS AD 476

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WHO WERE THE ANCIENT GREEKS?

The Ancient Greeks were a civilization who dominated the Mediterranean thousands of years ago. Government, philosophy, science, mathematics, art literature and sports were impacted by the Ancient Greeks.

KEY EVENTS

3000 BC

GREEK CIVILISATION BEGINS

1500 BC THE TROJAN WARS

1100 BC

END OF THE BRONZE AGE IN ANCIENT GREECE

800 BC

RISE OF ATHENS AND SPARTA -CIVILISATION DEVELOPS RAPIDLY

776 BC

FIRST OLYMPIC GAMES AT **OLYMPIA**

500 BC

ATHENS BECOMES THE MOST POWERFUL CITY STATE

431 BC WAR BETWEEN ATHENS AND

SPARTA 146 BC

ROMANS CONQUER GREECE

BIRTH OF CHRIST

AD 1896 OLYMPIC GAMES BROUGHT **BACK**





One of the most influential founders of western philosophy



Plato: One of the foremost influential figures in the world of ancient philosophy



Aristotle: The most influential thinker of his time. A famous Greek philosopher



Democracy - a government where people choose their leader by voting.

Culture - the language, art and ideas of a



Myths - well known stories told to explain nature or beliefs.



Originate - where something comes from or begins.



Philosopher - someone who thinks and writes about the meaning of life and living.



Rivalries - competitions or fights between two people in the same area or who want the same things.



Ancient Greece included the mainland and many small islands. It is surrounded by the Mediterranean Sea. This meant that the cities and towns relied on being able to trade. The land was very mountainous and so many parts of it were uninhabitable - the mountains and hot climate meant that it was also difficult for agriculture to be successful.





