### **Curriculum Overview - Year 1**

Topic 1 (Autumn 1)	Topic 2 (Autumn 2)	Topic 3 (Long: Spring 1 and 2)	Topic 4 (Summer 1)	Topic 5 (Summer 2)
This is Me	Toys Through the Years	Influential People	Location, Location, Location!	Ready, Steady Grow
The Colour monster Monte Dates	LOST MUSEUM	(Changing Non Fiction Text)	SAMEY SAME SAME SAME SAME SAME SAME SAME SAME	Jack and the Meanstalk  Referent Wildermote  The Meanstalk Referent Wildermote  The Meanstalk Referent Wildermote  The Meanstalk Referent Wildermote  The Meanstalk Reference Wildermote  The Meanstalk Reference Wildermote
We are family	We are inventors (Santa's helpers!)	We are trail blazers	We are explorers	We are botanists
Parental engagement:	Parental engagement:	Parental engagement:	Parental engagement:	Parental engagement:
Parent 'sharing' assembly.	Interview their <del>parents</del>	Invite parents to a	School trip to the local	Invite parents to plant in
Blog post/Facebook post.	Care home residents	medieval banquet and	beach with parent helpers.	our Year 1 garden/
Parent assembly (This is me	about the toys they played	share home and school		Science area.
cat walk dressed in their	with. And play with them	learning.		Parent assembly
colour monster colour) chn	Parents to visit with their	Visit to the design		Blog post/Facebook post
to show parents around	<del>toys?</del>	Visit to the box		retelling the events and
classrooms showcasing				knowledge of Mayflower
their work.				Day.
Community links:	Community links:	Community links:	Community links:	Community links:
Community colour hunt	Visit local care home.	Adrian Chapman Day	Litter pick at the beach	Visit to the Box. Mayflower
walk & Litter pick Walk-	Visit to the House of	Take part in a litter pick	Collecting for collage	Schools workshop Visit to
Local enquiry: to identify	Marbles Toy Museum.	Visits from different		local farm? International
Physical and human.	Toys workshop at the Box	professionals (Careers)		Bee Week – Trip to Quince
	Design and test their own toys.			Honey Farm
	1073.			

ELG's Within CP outcomes for first 2 wks-Establishing routines.

## Chronological Understanding

Sequence images of key events and objects in chronological order e.g events related to a family life in the past in correct order.

#### Chronological Understanding

Begin to develop an awareness of the past, using common words and phrases relating to the passing of time.

#### **Interpretation of History**

Begin to identify different ways that the past is represented. (e.g. photos, stories, adults talking about the past, films

#### **Historical Terms**

Use terms relating to the passing of time: 'old' and 'new', 'past' and present'.

#### **Interpretation of History**

Begin to identify different ways that the past is represented.

### Chronological Understanding

Begin to develop an awareness of the past, using common words and phrases relating to the passing of time.

# Knowledge and understanding of events, people and changes in the past.

Explore why people did things in the past through drama.

#### **Historical Terms**

Use terms relating to the passing of time: 'old' and 'new', 'past' and present'.

# Knowledge and understanding of events, people and changes in the past

Recall some facts from stories about the past.

#### **Historical Enquiry**

Ask and answer questions related to different sources and objects.

Organisation and communication

# Chronological Understanding

Sequence images of key events and objects in chronological order e.g key events in the Mayflower timeline.

#### **Historical Terms**

Use terms relating to the passing of time: 'old' and 'new', 'past' and present'.

Sort artefacts '' then'' and ''now'.

### Organisation and communication

Communicate ideas about the past through discussions, pictures drawn by children, drama/role play, models and writing.

significant historical events, people and places in their own locality.

(e.g. photos,	Communicate ideas	
stories, adults	about the past through	
talking about the	discussions, pictures	
past, films)	drawn by children,	
ρασι, ιιιτισμ		
Ka saala da sa saa d	drama/role play, models	
Knowledge and	and writing	
understanding of events,		
people and changes in		
the past		
Recognise some		
similarities and		
differences between the		
past and present		
Historical Terms		
Use terms relating to the		
passing of time: 'old'		
and 'new', 'past' and		
present'.		
Interpretation of History		
Interpretation of History		
Begin to identify		
different ways that the		
past is		
represented.		
(e.g. photos,		
stories, adults		
talking about the		
past, films)		
Historical Enquiry		
Sort artefacts		
''then''and ''now'.		
Organisation and		
communication		
Communicate ideas		
about the past through		
discussions, pictures		

	drawn by children, drama/role play, models and writing		
	Enquiry Use as wide a range of sources as possible.		

# Geography

# Locational & Place Knowledge.

Locate their home city. Express own views about a place, people & environment. What is it like to live in Plymouth? Link their home with other places in the community.

Verbalise and write about similarities and differences between their own locality. (about their homes).

Field Work to observe and record information and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment.

Ask simple geographical questions.

### Field trip observational walk.

Develop further knowledge about the local area, including surrounding streets & buildings & how the Vale

#### Locational and Place Knowledge

**Describe** the difference between land and water.

Name, locate and identify the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas. Name and locate the surrounding seas of the UK.

# Human & Physical Geography

Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to:

#### key physical

features including: beach coast, season: weather.

#### key human

features, including: city,town, village, farm, house and shop.

**Categorising** human & physical features.

**Understand & compare** the difference between the natural & manmade environment

was once a flood plain

\_

**Reasoning and interpreting** how our Vale is shaped.

Geographical Skills & Fieldwork
Use world
maps, atlases and
globes to identify
Plymouth.
Study and recognise
features in aerial photos
of Plymouth.
Use simple maps of the

local area.
Fieldwork 1 – of school grounds.
Fieldwork 2 – an observational walk of surrounding area.

Show care and concern for the environment litter pick of local area????

Ask questions & discuss the weather and seasons on going through class weather chart.

Express opinions about the seasons and relate to changes.

Verbalise and write about similarities and differences between their own locality and a different locality around the world????? Will this be achievable???

Geographical Skills & Fieldwork
Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries.
Study and recognise features in aerial photos.

Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map.

Human and Physical
Geography
To be covered in

<u>science</u>

Observe and record – Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the UK and the location of

hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles.
Discuss global warming and how this can lead to extreme weather.
Show care and concern for the environment.

### Explore and develop ideas

Record and explore ideas from first hand observation, experience and imagination.

Ask and answer questions about the starting points for their work about the starting points and develop their ideas.

Explore the similarities and differences within the work of artists, craftspeople and designers in different times and cultures.

# Evaluating and developing work (ongoing)

Review what they and others have done and say what they think and feel about it. Eg annotate sketchbooks

Identify what they might change in their current work or develop in their future work.

#### **Drawing**

Use a variety of tools. pencils, crayons, pastels,

# Evaluating and developing work (ongoing)

Review what they and others have done and say what they think and feel about it. Eg annotate sketchbooks

Identify what they might change in their current work or develop in their future work.

#### Collage;

Use a wide variety of media, inc. photocopied material, fabric, plastic, tissue, magazines, crepe paper etc. (Romare Beardon)

#### **Painting**

Mix and match colours to artefacts and objects. Work on different scales.
Use a variety of tools and

Use a variety of tools and techniques including the use of different brush sizes and types.

Create different textures – eg sawdust.

#### Printing -

Make marks in print with a variety of objects, including natural and made objects.

Carry out different printing techniques e.g. monoprint, block, relief and resist printing.

Make rubbings.
Build a repeating pattern and recognise pattern in the environment.

#### **Textiles/ Collage**

Weaving and finger knitting.
Threading, cutting and gluing different materials.

#### 3D Form

Explore shape and form. Explore sculpture with a range of malleable media, especially clay.

felt tips, chalk and other		
dry media.		
Begin to explore the use of line, shape and colour		
Use a sketchbook to		
gather and collect		
artwork.		
use sketch book to		
gather ideas and artwork		
arrwork		
Begin to explore the		
use of line, shape and		
colour (Brian Pollard		
focus)		
Painting-		
Mix secondary colours		
and shades using different		
types of paint.		
Use a variety of tools and		
techniques including the		
use of different brush sizes		
and types.		

占

<u>Design</u> a product for myself, plan & form own design & explain.
Explain purpose & how it will work.
Research similar existing products.

Make – consider what I need selecting tools & equipment to cut, shape, join & finish.

Measure mark out, cut, shape with support.

Choose materials & explain choices. Use finishing techniques to make aesthetically pleasing. Work in a safe and hygienic manner.

Evaluate - Talk about my product linking it to what I was asked to do. Talk about existing products considering materials and how they work, audience & where they are used. Are they effective or not? Could it be improve?

#### <u>Technical Knowledge</u> –

measure & join materials,, describe diff materials, how to make <u>Design</u> a product for myself, plan & form own design & explain.
Explain purpose & how it will work.
Research similar existing products.

Make – consider what I need selecting tools & equipment to cut, shape, join & finish.

Measure mark out, cut, shape with support.

Choose materials & explain choices. Use finishing techniques to make aesthetically pleasing. Work in a safe and hygienic manner.

Evaluate - Talk about my product linking it to what I was asked to do. Talk about existing products considering materials and how they work, audience & where they are used. Are they effective or not? Could it be improve?

#### <u>Technical Knowledge</u> –

measure & join materials,, describe diff materials, how to make material/product stronger, stiffer,

# Food and Nutrition Design a make a healthy lunchboxes

Use senses to describe the texture of foods.

Understand that all food comes from plants or animals.

Name and sort foods into the five groups (Eatwell Guide).

Understand that everyone should eat at least five portions of fruit and vegetables every day.

Knows to wash hands and clean surfaces before working with food.

Design and make a healthy dish.

.

Practise cutting, peeling and grating, safely and with support.

	material/product stronger, stiffer,		

#### **Working Scientifically**

Asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways. Performing simple tests. Asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways.

### Biology: Including humans

Identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense.

Describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals including, fish, reptiles, amphibians, birds and mammals and pets.

#### **Working Scientifically**

Identifying and classifying.
Asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways.

Using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions.

#### <u>Biology:</u> <u>Animals including</u> humans

Identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores.

Identify and name a variety of common animals, including, fish, reptiles, amphibians, birds and mammals.

#### **Working Scientifically**

Identifying and classifying.
Asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways.

#### <u>Chemistry: Everyday</u> <u>Materials</u>

Distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made.

Identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, and rock.

Describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials.

Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties.

#### **Working Scientifically**

Asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways.
Observing closely, using simple equipment.
Performing simple tests.

Gathering and recording data to help in answering questions.

Using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions.

#### <u>Seasonal Changes</u> (Physics)

Observe changes across the four seasons.

Observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies

#### **Working Scientifically**

Observing closely, using simple equipment.

Performing simple tests. Asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways.

Using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions.

Gathering and recording data to help in answering questions.

# Animals including humans (Plants)

Identify and name a variety if common, wild and garden plants. Identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees.

Identify and name deciduous and evergreen trees.

	<u>KCIGIIOTISIIIPS</u>
	Learn about the roles of
	different people,
	different types of families
	and what it means to be
	part of a family, feel
	loved and be cared for.
	Learn how to stay safe,
	*
	including online and
	with new people and
뿌	when it is important to
RSHE	ask for/ give permission.
22	

Relationships

#### **Relationships**

Consider how behaviour affects others; what it means to be kind, polite and respectful and how to treat others, including people they don't know and in familiar settings like the classroom.

#### **Health and Wellbeing**

Recognise what makes them unique and special; explore their feelings; including managing them when things go wrong.

NB: Relationships:
Recognise privacy,
including parts of their
own bodies

#### **Health and Wellbeing**

Understand what it means to keep healthy; learn about food and exercise, hygiene routines, including stopping germs from spreading and sun safety.

Begin to understand how rules and age restrictions help them, including how they can keep safe online; learn about how people can help them if they are unhappy, scared, or worried.

#### **Living in the Wider World**

Learn what rules are, what it means to care for others' needs, personal responsibilities and looking after the environment.

Begin to learn about using the internet and digital devices carefully and how to communicate safely online.

Consider personal strengths and interests and explore jobs in the community; identify strengths and interests linked to earning money and careers.

Music	*Exploring sounds We are Musicians: Sounds around our home. Children will use their voices to speak/sing and chant. *They will be able to copy and clap a rhythmic pattern. listening, rhythmic patterns. * They will choose sounds to represent different things. The little train in the Capira, Haydn clock symphony. * They will say whether they like or dislike a piece of music.	*Exploring duration: Toy box composition. We are sound producers  * They will make different sounds with instruments.  * They will be able to identify changes in sounds. Children will be able to make different sounds with their voice.  * they will say whether they like or dislike a piece of music. The Nutcracker Tchaikovsky	Exploring pulse & Rhythm: Castle dance music We are performers *They will be able to copy and clap a rhythmic pattern. *They will be able to practice moving to and performing a steady beat. * They will recognise repeated patterns. * They will use instruments to perform and will be aware the need to look at an audience during their performance.	Exploring pitch: The frog prince, melody composition, we are story score writers.  *Children will use their voices to speak/sing and chant  * They will be able to repeat (short rhythmic and melodic) patterns.  * They will repeat and improvise a sequence of sounds.  * They will use instruments to perform and will be aware the need to look at an audience during their performance.  Children will respond to different moods in music  * They will say how a piece of music makes them feel.  Fanfare: Zadock the priest.	Exploring sounds and symbols with a focus on timbre & dynamics: Garden composition We are composers  * They will be able to show sounds by using pictures. * They will use instruments to perform and will be aware the need to look at an audience during their performance .  *They will follow simple instructions about when to play or sing. Copeland: Hoe down, Debussy, garden in the rain
R					

	Computer Science:	<u>ICT:</u>
	Understanding what	Learn how to <b>login</b> to
	algorithms are through	devices using usernames
	programming physical	and passwords.
	toys and simulations of	
	those toys. Understand	Search for and use
	that computer programs	<b>images</b> from the
	execute by following a	internet, grouping them
	precise set of	in <b>office suite software</b> .
	instructions.	
		Select and use a range
	Take the concept of	of <b>digital paint tools</b> ,
D D	algorithms into a	understanding how
Computing	different setting to <b>sort</b>	these differ from paint
<u> 호</u>	images into groups using	tools in the real world.
0 2	binary questions.	
Ŭ		Understanding the need
	Introduce the concept	to <b>save work</b> and how
	of debugging an	to retrieve saved work
	algorithm by <b>debugging</b>	once closed.
	basic algorithms on	
	physical toys.	<u>Digital Literacy</u>
		Find and use images on
	Predicting behaviour of	the web, <b>understanding</b>
	algorithms using physical	what to do if they come
	toys e.g. <b>predicting</b>	across something that
	where a programmed	cause concern.
	toy will end up after	
	following instructions?	

	What does it mean to	What do Christians believe	Who is Jewish and how do	Who do Christians say	How should we care for the
	belong to a faith	God is like?	they live? Make sense of	made the world?	world and for others, and
	community?		Jewish living and retell	Can make sense of what	why does it matter?
			some simple stories used in	the story tells Christians	
			Jewish celebrations and	about God and will ask	
			independently complete	questions and share ideas.	
			connected lesson	Can begin express what	
			activities. Make links of	Christians do to say thank	
끭			how Jewish people	you to God for Creation.	
~			celebrate special times,	Ask questions and attempt	
			ask questions to deepen	to offer some ideas	
			their understanding and	between Jewish/ Christian	
			make links to Jewish ideas	story and the world they	
			of God within the stories.	live in.	
			Ask questions and show		
			understanding of special		
			Jewish celebrations,		
			prayers and stories.		