Cultural Story Cinderella of the Nile by Beverley Naidoo

Non-Chronological Report Outcome: Egyptian nonchron report

Setting Description Flotsam by David Wiesner

Narrative The Julian Stories by Ann Cameron

Draft and write by composing and rehearsing sentences orally, progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary and an increasing range of sentence constructions.

Evaluate and edit by assessing the effectiveness of their own writing and suggesting improvements

Use paragraphs to organise ideas around a theme and to show changes to time and place (Retrieval from Year 3).

Use fronted adverbials (retrieval from Year 3).

Write about a topic matter using organisational devices and paragraphs to structure information, starting with a topic sentence.

Proof-read for spelling and punctuation.

Write part of a narrative with a detailed setting description.

Make ambitious and appropriate vocabulary choices.

Use prepositional phrases

Add detail and precision through expanded noun phrases.

adverbially.

Write a narrative with a clear plot and describe settings and characters.

Use paragraphs to organise ideas around a theme.

Use adverbs and adverbials, varying their position within a sentence (sometimes prepositional and fronted).

Use the present perfect form of verbs (retrieval from Year 3).

Use expanded noun phrases and adverbs/adverbials for precision and detail.

Demonstrate the full range of punctuation taught from Year 1-3.

Punctuate sentences accurately, including using commas after fronted adverbials.

Punctuate sentences accurately, including commas after fronted adverbials with increasing independence.

Introduce the use of commas after fronted adverbials, paying particular attention to the main clause after the fronted adverbial.

To punctuate direct speech in inverted commas, starting with a capital letter and using a lower case letter for the reported clause (retrieval Year 3) and a full stop after the reported clause.



Letter (not persuasive)

Historical Fiction Fair's Fair? By Leon Garfield

Poetry A River by Marc Martin

Magical Narrative Leon and the Place Between by Angela McAllister

To use paragraphs to organise content around a theme, ensuring that there is a clear introduction and summary.

Evaluate the effectiveness of their own writing, making improvements to word choice.

Write the middle and ending of a story, creating an atmosphere and resolving a problem in paragraphs.

Use speech to show how characters are feeling.

Write a narrative poem using rich and varied vocabulary for a particular audience.

Create a setting, plot and character using paragraphs to organise sections of the story.

Assess effectiveness of writing and suggest improvements.

Use fronted adverbials to explain time and cause.

Use expanded noun phrases and clauses to add detail.

Use a range of sentence constructions, including complex, compound and multi-clause.

Use prepositional phrases adverbially.

Make precise verb choices for impact on the reader.

Use noun phrases to clarify and describe with both pre- and post-modification.

Use adverbs/adverbials phrases.

Independently, accurately punctuate sentences, choosing the most appropriate punctuation and edit to check for accuracy.

Use punctuation before closing speech, ensuring that the correct punctuation has been chosen.

Begin to use the rule new speaker, new line to separate characters' speech.

Use commas in sentences accurately throughout to aid the rhythm and flow of the poem.

To begin to use reported clauses at the beginning of sentences, ensuring that the reported clause is followed by a comma.

Adventure Story Arthur & the Golden Rope by Joe ToddStanton

Advertisement Iceland Outcome

Narrative Film (video stimulus) Little Evie in the Wild Wood

Non-Fiction Dictionary of Difficult Words by Jane Solomon

Write a narrative involving dialogue to provide a problem and solution to move the story on.

Use paragraphs to organise ideas around a theme, e.g. making use of topic sentence in non-narrative.

Write for a specific audience (parents) to persuade through use of strong adjectives.

Compose and rehearse sentences orally (including dialogue), progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary.

Organise paragraphs around a theme.

In narratives, creating settings, characters and clear plot

Use a rich and varied vocabulary to provide a clear definition.

Use pronouns and nouns to aid cohesion.

Independently proof-read for spelling and punctuation.

Use adverbials to provide detail about where and when things happen.

To use pronouns and alternative nouns to avoid repetition.

To use rhetorical questions as a persuasive device.

Use a variety of sentence types in order to persuade (complex, commands, simple, questions).

Use conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time, place and cause

Use fronted adverbials

Use an extended range of sentence structures, making use of subordination, fronted adverbials and a wider range of conjunctions.

Using apostrophes correctly (contraction + singular/plural possession)

To use reported clauses at the end of sentences, punctuation and new speaker, new line independently.

To punctuate rhetorical questions with question marks.

To use exclamation marks to emphasise a point.

Use commas after fronted adverbials independently.

Accurately use apostrophes for possession and contraction independently.

Demarcate all sentences with accurate punctuation, including with commas and apostrophes where appropriate.